

erly proved, is, at this moment, in our favor.— Exchanges from every quarter of the globe are in excess, than has been remembered for many past; and, above all, money was never more plentiful than at present in circulation. All Banking in the city, instead of being short of cash, have sums at their disposal, which they are glad to furnish for good bills, or proper securities. To obtain this new situation of affairs, it is necessary to see, that the payment of troops and subsidies abroad has now ceased on the part of this country, the merchants here are all paid by Foreigners for their merchandize of whatever sort it may be, in bullion, which is purchased by the Bank of England the moment it arrives at a comparatively a low price, in order to be prepared for their payments in specie, in conformity to the late regulations in Parliament. We are perfectly correct in stating, that the importations of bullion by the Merchants, collectively, within the last few months, amount to many millions. One Merchant, who is known for his great dealings on the Continent, imported into this country, during the last month, bullion to the amount of upwards of one million, which the Bank of England paid for in Bank notes, which notes, it is to be observed, cannot possibly be returned into the hands of the Bank until hard cash has been exchanged for them; and this case will apply to all the bullion transactions with the Bank of England. It is otherwise with bills which the merchants receive in exchange to get discounted in the same way the Bank. It is true they receive Bank notes in exchange for the bills, but some one or other in the space of two months or less, must pay the notes back to the Bank, together with five per cent. interest.— In cases of bullion, the precious metal having been received on account of merchandize sent abroad; the Bank notes given in payment must necessarily go to create the circulating medium of this country, the advantages of which must immediately appear in the strength of our resources, must sooner or later be felt in the general prosperity of the Empire. The influx of bullion, it is expected, will be attended with another good effect, which is, that it will enable Government and the Bank of England, not only to extend, but also to apply the new coinage, under an arrangement to a purpose highly beneficial to the public. We understand the first issue of silver will be made in November to the Country District; and the Bank will make it optional in the Proprietors of Funded Property to receive their Christmas Dividends in gold bank notes; the Bank will have to say, that, in part at least, they have resumed their cash payments."

FEMALE FASHIONS.

HALF DRESS—A striped sarsnet gown, very richly trimmed round the bottom with a flounce of deep silk, finished with a heading; a second flounce is set at some distance, which is much narrower; it is so finished with a heading. Bows of Pomona green ribbon ornament the skirt a little above the flounce. The body is cut very low; it is full. The sleeve is long, very loose, and fancifully trimmed with bows of Pomona green ribbon, to correspond with the trimming of the skirt: the sleeve is finished by a very novel and pretty cuff of pointed lace. *Fichu a la Duchesse de Berry*, composed of white lace, which comes very high but though it shades the neck in the most delicate manner, it does not by any means give an idea of disability; on the contrary, it might be worn in full dress, if cropped, and dressed in very full curison the neck, and very full on the forehead. Striped kid slippers to correspond with the dress. White kid gloves. Necklace, white cornelian, with a small gold cross. Earrings, white cornelian.

EVENING DRESS—A white British net dress over a white satin slip; the dress is trimmed round the bottom with a deep double flounce of lace, surmounted by a wreath of roses, immediately above which is a rollio of white satin. This trimming is uncommonly tasteful and striking. The body and sleeves are of the same material as the dress; the former is full, and cut in a very novel style; a quilting of blond lace goes round the bosom, which comes high at the sides, but it is opened very much, just in front. A small bouquet of moss roses shades the bosom, and gives an elegant finish to the dress. The sleeve, short and extremely full, is divided into compartments, by rollios of satin. Head-dress, a wreath of moss roses, fancifully intermixed with corn-flowers; the hair very becomingly dressed in light loose ringlets on the forehead, and moderately gathered behind. A superb white lace scarf, thrown round the shoulders, partially shades the back of the neck.—Necklace, ear-rings, and bracelets, pearl.—White satin slippers, and white kid gloves.

ed; however, little or no business was effected. In consequence of the rise in the price of pork, Pigs were in some demand, and carried good prices.

Colonel Sir Hugh Gough is arrived at York. Harvest reaping has commenced in Connought. Mr. Fitzpatrick, of Roscommon had a considerable number of men employed on Monday last; they cut down a large field of oats—as fine a crop as could be wished for. The corn, a beautiful grain is offered for sale in our market.—*Athlone Herald.*

Between nine and ten o'clock on the night of Thursday, as a Ross Lighter was passing under the bridge, near the Kilkenny side, one of the boatmen fell into the river, and would have perished, but for the manly interposition of Laurence Forrestal, and his nephew, John Walsh. These men were in bed at the time, but, on hearing the alarm, immediately repaired to the place, sprung from the bridge into the water, and, after great exertion, happily succeeded in rescuing the object of their efforts from his dangerous situation.

The Races of Tralee, will commence the latter end of this month.

An Aggregate Meeting of the Catholics of the County and City of Cork has been called for this day to consider the propriety of again petitioning the legislature.

The very important ejection cause, *Jessie of the Duke of Devonshire against E. Green, and B. W. Jackson Esqrs.* or as it has been called, less technically, but perhaps more properly, the Duke of Devonshire against the Corporation of Youghal, was decided at Cork, at five o'clock on Saturday afternoon, after a trial of three days.—*Verdict* for the Plaintiff with 6d. costs. The Duke is likely to derive great advantages political and pecuniary from the decision. His agents sent up £50 to the Jury.

ERRATA—In our list of the deaths, on Friday last, read Rev. Mr. Lennane, for Rev. Mr. Leonard.

BIRTH—Tuesday, in Glentworth street, the Lady of Michael Ryan, Esq. of a daughter—The Lady of Abraham Whyte Baker, Esq. of Ballytobin, in the county of Kilkenny, of a son and heir—In Seiskar, county of Wexford, the Lady of Captain Adams, of a daughter.

MARRIED—By the Rev. Edwards Jefferies, at Croagh church, Mr. A. M'Cormick, of Adare, to Eliza, only daughter of Mr. Christopher Bunton, of Croagh, in this co.—At Killenaule church, Lieut. W. Hedrington, Fermanagh militia, to Rosa, daughter of Robert Constable, of Beeverstown, co. Tipperary, Esq.—At the Friends' Meeting House Dublin, Edwin Birchall, Esq. of Leeds, to Elizabeth, only daughter of William Harding, Esq.—Monday morning, W. Alman, M. D. and professor of Botany in the University of Dublin, to Anne Rebecca, youngest daughter of William Edwards, Esq. M. D. of that city.

DEATHS.

Wednesday morning, at Shannon Lodge, his seat near Castle Connell, after a long and distressing illness of many months, **SAUL BRUCE**, Esq. Newspaper panegyric too often bestows virtues, even in many cases where they are denied by nature or obscured by its failings—but in the whole range of this melancholy duty, we cannot find a character that less needs our praise, or with more safety could challenge our remarks, than that of the late lamented subject of these lines. During a residence of nearly 30 years in this neighbourhood, Mr. S. Bruce never made an enemy—all who knew him were his friends. He had a good heart, was of a kind disposition, and his conversation was ever directed to enliven the respectable circle in which he lived.—His manners were gentle, his ambition was benevolence, and his happiness consisted in the administration of kindness and charity. In his dealings he was just and honorable—and the poor to whose complaints and wants he was ever ready to attend, can amply vouch the benevolence of his heart—Mr. Bruce had been some years back, Barrack Master of this city, a situation he filled with the greatest correctness. He was married to Miss Fitz Gibbon, first cousin to the late Earl of Clare, and has left an only son, who, with a most amiable mother, have to lament the loss of a tender parent, and an affectionate husband. His remains were taken this morning from Castle Connell, to his family vault at Charleville, accompanied with the tears and blessings of all the poor of that neighbourhood.—Tuesday morning, at his seat, Ballygrennan, in this county, much regretted, William Creed, Esq. brother to the late Charles Creed, Esq.—Sunday evening, on the South Main street, Cork, Ellen Maguire, relict of the late Charles Maguire, Esq. of that city.—On Friday morning, on Pope's Quay, Cork, Patrick Purcell.—A few days since at Brosna, co. Kerry, Margaret, wife of Mr. Thomas Connell.—In Wexford, Mrs. Margaret Sutton, relict of the late Michael Sutton, Esq.

LIMERICK MARKET PRICES.—SEPTEMBER 6

| | | |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|-----------|
| Wheat, | 2s. 0d. to 2s. 2½d. | } Part of |
| Oats, | 10½d. 11d. | |
| Barley, | 0. 0d. | |
| Potatoes, | 2½d. | |
| Butter—1st, 90—2d, 74—3d, 72—4th, 58. | | |

Commercial Buildings,
TO BE LET,
For such Term as may be agreed upon,
The House in the Commercial Buildings Concerns
LATELY OCCUPIED BY
Mr. Patt. Gromwell, Cloth Merchant;
Its situation for business cannot be excelled in this city—immediate possession can be given—application to
JOHN CARROLL.
Limerick, Sept. 6.

TO BE SOLD,
Price Fifty Guineas,
A well bred, strong and active a Three Years Old COLT as any in Ireland—he was got by Fence dam by Diamond, grand-dam by Master Baggot—He can be seen at *Broderick's Stables, William Street,* on Monday and Tuesday next—he has never been trained of course not tried.
Limerick, Sept. 6.

THIS DAY IS PUBLISHED,
PRICE 13s. IN BOARDS,
(Embellished with beautifully Engraved Portraits of **LOUIS XVI. and NAPOLEON BONAPARTE.**)
THE FIRST VOLUME
OF A
History of the French Revolution,
AND OF THE
Wars resulting from that Memorable Event
BY
JOHN JAMES M'GREGOR.

THIS Work, which is intended to consist of Eight Volumes octavo, will comprehend the Political and Military annals of Europe, from the meeting of the States General at Versailles, in 1789, to the decisive Battle of WATERLOO and the second surrender of PARIS. It will be illustrated with striking Likenesses of the principal Sovereigns of Europe, celebrated Statesmen, and distinguished Generals and Admirals, Maps, Plans of remarkable Battles, &c. executed by English Artists of the first eminence.

The importance of the subject, both in a moral and political point of view, will, it is conceived, be generally acknowledged. A connected detail of the stupendous and extraordinary events which have for the last twenty six years, astonished the Universe, and affected the interests and feelings of every individual amongst us, cannot fail to fix the attention of all, who are in the habit of marking the versatile course of Human affairs; the topographical descriptions, memoirs and characters, with which such a work must be necessarily interspersed, will, at the same time, render it acceptable to Readers of every every class while, to the lovers of the graphic art, will be presented a rich series of highly finished Portraits of the most distinguished characters of the age.

When the Author, some time since, submitted his plan to the Public, he claimed the support of his countrymen to the first IRISH Publication on this important subject, he felt grateful in saying, that his claims have not been disregarded extensive and liberal patronage have enabled him to Publish his First Volume, in a style not inferior to some of the most celebrated works that have issued from the British Press, as he now visits with confidence, his native City, for the purpose of soliciting the countenance of the Nobility and Gentry of LIMERICK to an undertaking, which he trusts will appear in some degree, deserving of their approbation.

To accommodate Purchasers of every class, the work so far as it has been published, may be had at the Bookseller in Numbers at 1s. 3d. Parts at 5s. and Volumes at 13s. each
Limerick, September 9, 1816.

STRAYED OR STOLEN,
FROM off the lands of *Gortinawol*, near Six-mile Bridge, in the County of Clare, on the night of the 1st. day of September, instant; A COW with side spotted Black and White, the most of her White equal to Magpie—in calf the time of calving nearly up, the Property of **JAMES GUERAN** of said place, who will give One Guinea reward for tidings of said Cow so she may be found, or Three Guineas for the Cow as this prosecution to convict on.
JAMES GUERAN.
N. B. The letters L. L. were branded on one of her horns—between seven and eight years old.
Six-mile Bridge, Sept. 4, 1816.